GOLDEN OPPORTUNITIES OF PRACTISING BEFORE TRIBUNAL

By - CA. (Dr.) Rajkumar Adukia

Mobile No.: 9820061049/9820061039

Email rajkumar@cadrrajkumaradukia.com

Practicing before tribunals offers a wealth of golden opportunities for professionals. From specialization

in niche areas to developing strong advocacy skills and making a social impact, the advantages are

significant. As the demand for legal representation in tribunal settings continues to grow, those who seize

these opportunities can build rewarding and impactful careers. By leveraging their expertise and

navigating the complexities of tribunal practice, legal practitioners can make meaningful contributions to

the justice system and their clients.

Abstract:

There is nothing in this world that didn't happen for a reason even our own existence in this

very society. They say life is all about finding reason but we believe once you find reason

your life starts truly. Traditionally we tend to have one goal of becoming successful but

certainly there is much to do even after you achieve desire success. As success is not just

putting yourself in a position which you dream for years to be in but inspiring others and

assisting them in achieving theirs.

The author strongly believes that the professional should go beyond their traditional areas by

expanding themselve to serve and not settle for less. The article provides you with such

goldmines of opportunities in litigation field where in addition to advocates, non-advocate

professionals such as the Chartered Accountants, Company Secretary, Cost Accountants also

can have their fair share.

**Introduction:** 

With the devlopment in the quasi judicial system, there establish certain forums/platforms in

the shape of tribunal, certain other adjudicating authorities that now permits such non-

adovcates professionals to represent their clients just like an advocates do.

Certain qualities such as excellency in regulatory procedure places them in an advantageous

position to perform such work, because matters before regulatory authorities and Tribunals

are very technical in nature.

1

There are certain skill where non-law background professionals have to adopt which are certainly put them in the excellent tribunal practitioner category

- Learn how to prepare advisory opinions on the matters for clients so that they do not fall into unexpected regulatory mishaps
- Learn how to review and draft contracts so that your advice is actually factored into big-ticket transactions and deals (which are highly subject to scrutiny) (refer to the contract drafting diploma course to identify how to get started)
- Learn how to draft legal arguments, responses and legal drafts if your client receives is a show-cause notice or an adverse order.

• Argue before authorities at various regulatory forums

## Practicing before tribunal is truly an exercise of mind.

Law is a constant changing process what was restricted for only lawyers 50 years ago is now open to many of the professionals particulary chartered accountant, cost accountant and company secretaries, as certain tribunals permits there legal representation on behalf of the aggrived person.

Further it is very practical and logical it is thus essential for practitioners to understand the basic principles of logic that can be attain through understanding the "why" in laws. The tribunal in the modern system reinvented with need of reducing the judcial pendency and adding technical specialisation in the process of adjudication of dispute pertaining to specific matter.

Each professional be mindful of certain etiquettes that are to be observed:

- 1. Duty towards tribunal by acting with dignity and self respect and mainting respectful attitude
- 2. Duty towards client
  - Not withdrawing from the engagement without sufficient cause and arbitarily
  - ♦ Placing the interest of client as priority
  - and not conduct or do any act that will certainly jeopardize his client interest
  - ♦ Keeping them in loop
  - ♦ responsibly serving necessary documents
  - an active role in convincing the presiding members of facts and claim completely
  - protecting client's confidentiality
  - conducting proper study of law and provide expert advice
  - follow the procedural rules, maitain discipline and adhere to the law, ethics etc.
  - approach appropriate method that will help in deciding their client matter on merits

## **Tribunal system in India**

The tribunals in India are an institution having judicial and quasi judicial duties established for the purpose of adjudicating a specific matter. Constituted with an object of providing faster adjudication comparing to traditional courts and having expertise in certain matters, the Tribunal forms a crucial part of judicial mechanism of the country.

In the next 20 years the tribunal system of the country will mark its first century with the first ever tribunal – the Income-Tax Appellate Tribunal set up in 25.01.1941. Since then Tribunals have grown both in number and authority.

Their powers, functions, practice and procedure has become a subject in itself for both applicants/appellants, respondents and interested learners. Apart from Tribunals there may be bodies performing quasi-judicial functions which have been created and are administered by the Central Government and they may be falling in categories of Commissions, Boards or other Authorities. These Tribunals, Commissions, Boards, Authorities provide independent adjudication of disputes and function through prescribed practice and procedure which may vary as per the nature of the function they perform.

Although the Income Tax-Appellate Tribunal was estatablished even prior to independence, the tribunal were not officially part of constitution until addition through 42<sup>nd</sup> amendment in 1976.

The Constitution (Forty-Second Amendment) Act, 1976 effective from 03.01.1977 added Part XIV A consisting of two articles particularly Artcile 323A and 323B. Where the former provision empowered Parliament to constitute administrative Tribunals (both at central and state level) for adjudication of matters related to recruitment and conditions of service of public servants and latter specified certain subjects (such as taxation and land reforms) for which Parliament or state legislatures may constitute tribunals by enacting a law.

## **Dual objective of establishement of tribunal:**

- 1. To resolve the dispute in more efficient manner than the courts
- 2. Having a mechanism which is well equipped and that attains/possess a degree of expertise in a particular field/domain which a court certainly do not

The **First ever modern day tribunal** was established in the form of the General Commissioners of Income Tax under the Income Tax Act 1799. The act had made an appeal provision u/s 64. Likewise the **First International tribunal** was established by the League of Nations that founded on 10<sup>th</sup> January 1920. The league led for the establishment of the Administrative Tribunal of the League of Nations on 26<sup>th</sup> september 1927. However when the league dissolve in 20<sup>th</sup> April 1946 the tribunal went under Internal Labour Organisation

(1919). It later renamed as The International Labour Organization Administrative Tribunal" which has jurisdiction over Labour-related matters/disputes of 57 international organisations including WHO, WTO, WIPO, FAO etc.

## Few tribunals working at the international level:

- 1. The International Labour Organization Administrative Tribunal <a href="https://www.ilo.org/tribunal/lang--en/index.htm">https://www.ilo.org/tribunal/lang--en/index.htm</a>
  - having jurisdiction over the complaints from serving and former officials of the International Labour Office; Labour-related decisions of 57 international organisations
- 2. The United Nations Administrative Tribunal https://untreaty.un.org/unat/main\_page.htm
  - decides applications alleging non-observance of contracts of employment of staff members of the Secretariat of the UN
- 3. The United Nations Disputes Tribunal https://www.un.org/en/internaljustice/undt/
  - Entertains and decides an Application by staff member for voilation of their rights

## PRESENT TRIBUNALS WORKING IN INDIA

It should be noted that the tribunal are administered by their respective parent ministries that are responsible for their day to day functioning.

Statistics of previous tribunals:

- about 197 tribunals and agencies were set up by the State and Central Governments.
- 95 tribunals under 88 central legislations, of which 78 have been set up by the Central Government and 17 by State Governments.
- between 1996 and July 2013, at least 690 Bills, including Constitutional Amendments and Appropriation bills, have been passed by Parliament, and 18 new tribunals been set up by central govt.

Below is the list of tribunals presently functioning in India:

## List of tribunals as per central laws:

Sr. Name of the statute		Name of the tribunal			Parent ministry		
no.							
1	The	Companies	Act	I.	The	National	Ministry of corporate affairs

	2013		Company Law	https://www.mca.gov.in/
2	The Competition Act,		Tribunal	
	2002	II.	The National	
3	The Insolvency And		Company Law	
	Bankruptcy Code,		Appellate Tribunal	
	2016			
	2010			
4	The Income Tax Act	III.	The Income Tax	Ministry of Law and Justice
	1961		Appellate Tribunal	https://lawmin.gov.in/
5	The Customs Act,	IV.	The Customs	Ministry of Finance
	1962		Excise & Service	https://finmin.nic.in/
			Tax Appellate	
			Tribunal	
6	The Administrative	V.	The Central	Ministry of Personnel, Public
	Tribunal Act 1985		Administrative	Grievances and Pensions
			Tribunal	https://persmin.gov.in/
7	The Consumer	VI.	The District	Ministry of Consumer
	Protection Act 2019		Consumer Dispute	Affairs, Food & Public
			Redressal	Distribution
			Commission	https://consumeraffairs.nic.in/
		VII.	The State	
			Consumer Dispute	
			Redressal	
			Commission	
		VIII.	The National	
			Consumer Dispute	
			Redressal	
			Commission	
		IX.IX.		
8	The Securities	X.	The Securities	Ministry of Finance
	Contracts (Regulation)		Appellate Tribunal	https://finmin.nic.in/
	Act 1956			
9	The Depositories Act			

	1996			
10	The Pension Fund			
	Regulatory and			
	Development			
	Authority Act, 2013			
11	The Insurance Act			
	1938			
12	The Recovery of	XI.	The Debt	Ministry of Finance
	Debts and Bankruptcy		Recovery Tribunal	https://finmin.nic.in/
	Act, 1993	XII.	The Debt	
13	The Securitization and		Recovery	
	Reconstruction of		Appellate Tribunal	
	Financial Assets and			
	Enforcement of			
	Security Interests Act,			
	2002			
14	The Railways Act,	XIII.	The Railway	Ministry of Railways
	1989		Claims Tribunal	https://indianrailways.gov.in/
15	The Industrial	XIV.	The Central	Ministry of Labour and
	Disputes Act 1947		Government	Employement
16	The Employees'		Industrial	https://labour.gov.in/
	Provident Funds and		Tribunals cum	
	Miscellaneous		Labour Courts	
	Provisions Act, 1952			
17	The Conservation of	XV.	The Appellate	Ministry of Finance
	Foreign Exchange		Tribunal for	https://finmin.nic.in/
	And Prevention of		Forfeited Property	
	Smuggling Activities			
	Act, 1974			
18	The Narcotic Drugs			
	and Psychotropic			
	Substances Act, 1985			
19	The Prevention of			

	Money-Laundering			
	Act, 2002			
20	The Prohibition of			
	Benami Property			
	Transactions Act,			
	1988			
21	The Information	XVI.	The Telecom	Ministry of Communication
	Technology Act, 2000		Dispute Settlement	https://dot.gov.in/
22	The Indian Telegraph		& Appellate	
	Act 1885		Tribunal	
23	The Central Goods	XVII.	The Goods and	Ministry of Finance
	and Services Tax Act,		Services Tax	https://finmin.nic.in/
	2017		Appellate Tribunal	
24	The Electricity Act	XVIII.	The Appellate	Ministry of Power
	2003		Tribunal For	https://powermin.gov.in/
25	The Petroleum Act,		Electricity	
	1934			
26	The Army Act, 1950	XIX.	The Armed Forces	Ministry of Defence
27	The Navy Act, 1957		Tribunal	https://www.mod.gov.in/
28	The Air Force Act,			
	1950			
29	The Environment	XX.	The National	Ministry of Environment,
	(Protection) Act, 1986		Green Tribunal	Forest and Climate Change
30	The Air (Prevention			https://moef.gov.in/en/
	and Control of			
	Pollution) Act, 1981			
31	The Water (Prevention			
	and Control of			
	Pollution) Act, 1974			
32	The Forest			
	(Conservation) Act,			
	1980			
33	The Biological			

	Diversity Act, 2002		
34	The Public Liability		
	Insurance Act, 1991		
35	The Inter-State River	XXI. The inter-state	Ministry of Jal Shakti,
	Water Disputes	water disputes	department of Water
	(ISRWD) Act, 1956	tribunal	Resources
			http://jalshakti-dowr.gov.in/
36	The Real Estate	XXII. State real estate	Ministry of Housing and
	(Regualtion and	regualtory	Urban Affairs
	Development) Act,	authorities and	http://mohua.gov.in/
	2016	appellate tribunal	
		established	
37	The Foreigners	XXIII. The Foreigners	Ministry of Home Affairs
	Tribunal Act, 1941	Tribunal for State	https://www.mha.gov.in/
		of Assam	
38	The food Safety and	XXIV. The Food Safety	Ministry of Consumer
	Standards Act, 2006	Appellate Tribunal	Affairs, Food & Public
		(of respective	Distribution
		states)	https://consumeraffairs.nic.in/
39	The Arbitration and	XXV. Arbitration	
	Conciliation Act 1996	Tribunal	
40	The Motor Vehicles	XXVI. The Motor	
	Act, 1988	Accident Claims	
		Tribunal (of	
		respective states)	

## **List of some state tribunals:**

Sr.no.	State legislation	Tribunal		
1	State cooperative acts:	The Karanataka Appellate		
	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	Tribunal		
2	Land revenue legislation:	The WEST BENGAL		
	The West Bengal Land Reforms Act , 1956.	LAND REFORMS AND		

		TENANCY TRIBUNAL
3	The Bihar Land Reforms Act, 1950	The Bihar Land Tribunal
4	The Maharashtra Land Revenue Code	The Maharashtra Revenue
		Tribunal
5	Local self government legislation:	The Tribunal for Local Self
	The Kerala Panchayat Raj Act 1994	Government Institution of
		Kerala
6	The Uttar Pradesh Public Services (Tribunal) Act,	The Uttarakhand Public
	1976	Services Tribunal
7	Private school legislation:	The School Tribunals
	The Maharashtra Employees of Private Schools	
	(Conditions of Service) Regulation Act, 1977	
8	State administrative tribunal	nine states of Andhra
	For instance	Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh,
	The Maharashtra Administrative Tribunal	Odisha, Karnataka, Madhya
	Total 9 State administrative tribunal are there	Pradesh, Maharashtra, Tamil
		Nadu, West Bengal and
		Kerala.
		However, the Madhya
		Pradesh, Tamil Nadu and
		Himachal Pradesh Tribunals
		have been abolished

# List of tribunals where professional other than Advocates such as CA, CS, CMA are allowed to appear/represent their client/practice

- The Appellate Tribunal Forfeited Property for Chartered Accountant and Cost Management Accountant
- 2. The Appellate Tribuanl for Electricity
- 3. The Income Tax Appellate Tribunal for Chartered Accountant
- 4. The Securities Appellate Tribunal
- 5. The Telecom Didspute Settlement Appellate Tribunal
- 6. The National Company Law Tribunal / National Company Law Appellate
  Tribunal

- 7. The Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal
- 8. The Real Estate Regulatory Authority/ Real Estate Appellate Tribunal
- 9. The Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal

## Professional Opportunities in Tribunal Representation

- 1. Tax Consultant: Advising clients on tax-related matters and representing them before tax tribunals.
- 2. Arbitrator: Serving as an arbitrator in disputes that come before arbitration tribunals.
- 3. Labor Law Advisor: Representing clients in labor tribunals regarding employment disputes.
- 4. Environmental Law Consultant: Advocating for clients in environmental tribunals concerning compliance and disputes.
- 5. Customs and Excise Consultant: Representing businesses in customs and excise-related disputes.
- 6. Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) Advisor: Representing clients in IPR disputes before specialized tribunals.
- 7. Corporate Litigation Lawyer: Handling corporate disputes in company law tribunals.
- 8. Real Estate Advisor: Representing clients in property disputes before relevant tribunals.
- 9. Family Law Consultant: Advocating in family tribunals on issues like divorce and child custody.
- 10. Consumer Rights Advocate: Representing consumers in consumer forums and tribunals.
- 11. Insurance Claims Consultant: Assisting clients in disputes with insurance companies before relevant tribunals.
- 12. Financial Advisory Specialist: Providing representation in financial disputes before financial tribunals.
- 13. Professional Mediator: Acting as a mediator in disputes referred to mediation tribunals.
- 14. Legal Compliance Officer: Advising organizations on compliance matters before regulatory tribunals.
- 15. Dispute Resolution Specialist: Offering services in resolving disputes before civil and administrative tribunals.
- 16. Public Interest Litigator: Engaging in cases of public interest before tribunals.
- 17. Contract Dispute Lawyer: Representing clients in contractual disputes before arbitration and civil tribunals.
- 18. Competition Law Expert: Handling cases related to anti-competitive practices before competition tribunals.

- 19. Bankruptcy and Insolvency Consultant: Advising clients in insolvency matters before insolvency tribunals.
- 20. Telecommunications Law Consultant: Representing clients in disputes with telecom regulatory authorities.
- 21. Public Sector Litigation Specialist: Advocating for clients in cases involving public sector undertakings.
- 22. Government Relations Advisor: Representing clients in disputes with government agencies before tribunals.
- 23. Legal Researcher: Conducting research to support cases in tribunal representation.
- 24. Documentation Specialist: Preparing legal documents and submissions for tribunal hearings.
- 25. Policy Advisor: Advising on policy matters related to tribunal practices and procedures.
- 26. Tax Appeals Consultant: Representing clients in appeals before tax appellate tribunals.
- 27. Consumer Advocacy Group Representative: Engaging in consumer rights cases on behalf of advocacy groups.
- 28. Public Sector Undertaking Advisor: Advising and representing PSUs in disputes before relevant tribunals.
- 29. Franchise Dispute Consultant: Handling disputes between franchisors and franchisees before tribunals.
- 30. Non-Profit Organization Representative: Representing non-profits in cases involving regulatory compliance.
- 31. Health Law Advisor: Representing clients in health-related disputes before health tribunals.
- 32. Elder Law Advocate: Handling cases related to elder rights and benefits before tribunals.
- 33. Education Law Consultant: Representing educational institutions in disputes before educational tribunals.
- 34. Family Business Consultant: Advising family-owned businesses in disputes before relevant forums.
- 35. Trade Union Advisor: Representing trade unions in disputes before labor tribunals.
- 36. Securities Law Advisor: Representing clients in securities disputes before the Securities Appellate Tribunal.
- 37. Data Protection Officer: Advocating in cases involving data protection and privacy issues before regulatory authorities.
- 38. Crisis Management Consultant: Advising organizations during disputes and representing

- them in tribunals.
- 39. Legal Auditor: Conducting audits for compliance and advising clients on tribunal-related issues.
- 40. Conflict Resolution Trainer: Training professionals in dispute resolution techniques relevant to tribunal processes.
- 41. Construction Dispute Consultant: Representing clients in disputes related to construction contracts.
- 42. Franchise Law Expert: Handling disputes arising from franchise agreements before tribunals.
- 43. Investment Advisor: Advising investors in disputes with companies before financial tribunals.
- 44. Regulatory Compliance Consultant: Helping businesses navigate regulatory requirements and represent them in tribunal proceedings.
- 45. Community Legal Aid Worker: Providing representation in tribunal matters for underprivileged communities.
- 46. Judicial Clerk: Working with tribunals to assist in legal research and case management.
- 47. Public Affairs Consultant: Advising organizations on navigating disputes involving public policy.
- 48. International Trade Consultant: Representing clients in disputes related to international trade before trade tribunals.
- 49. Investment Treaty Advisor: Representing clients in investment-related disputes before international tribunals.
- 50. Taxation Advocate: Specializing in tax disputes and appeals before tax tribunals and appellate authorities.

The field of representation before tribunals in India offers a diverse array of opportunities for Chartered Accountants, lawyers, Company Secretaries, and Cost Management Specialists. With the increasing complexity of legal disputes and the growing emphasis on specialized resolution methods, professionals can leverage their expertise to build rewarding careers. By exploring these varied roles, legal and financial experts can significantly contribute to effective dispute resolution while enhancing their professional growth.

### **Relevant websites**

**Tribunals** 

- 1. The Appellate Tribunal for forfeited property: http://atfp.gov.in/
- 2. The Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal: http://www.cestatnew.gov.in/
- 3. The Income Tax Appellate Tribunal: http://itat.nic.in/, http://itatonline.org/
- 4. The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India: http://www.ibbi.gov.in/
- 5. The National Company Law Appellate Tribunal (NCLAT): http://www.nclat.nic.in/
- 6. The National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT): http://nclt.gov.in/
- 7. The National Consumer Dispute Redressal Commission: http://ncdrc.nic.in/
- 8. The Securities Appellate Tribunal: http://sat.gov.in/
- 9. The Central Government Industrial Tribunal: https://cgit.labour.gov.in/
- 10. The Telecom Disputes Settlement & Appellate Tribunal https://tdsat.gov.in/Delhi/Delhi.php
- 11. E-daakhil https://edaakhil.nic.in/edaakhil/faces/index.xhtml
- 12. state real estate regulatory authority
- 13. https://rera.ap.gov.in/RERA/Views/Home.aspx
- 14. https://rera.ap.gov.in/
- 15. http://123.63.38.197/
- 16. https://rera.cgstate.gov.in/
- 17. https://rera.goa.gov.in/reraApp/home
- 18. https://gujrera.gujarat.gov.in/
- 19. www.harayanarera.gov.in
- 20. www.harayanarera.gov.in
- 21. http://www.hprera.in/WebSite/Home
- 22. https://jharera.jharkhand.gov.in/
- 23. https://rera.karnataka.gov.in/home?language=en
- 24. https://rera.kerala.gov.in/
- 25. http://www.reat.mp.gov.in/contact-us

- 26. https://maharera.mahaonline.gov.in/
- 27. http://udpamizoram.nic.in/RERA.html
- 28. https://rera.odisha.gov.in/
- 29. https://www.rera.punjab.gov.in/index.html
- 30. https://rera.rajasthan.gov.in/
- 31. https://rera.rajasthan.gov.in/Tribunal
- 32. https://www.rera.tn.gov.in/
- 33. http://rera.telangana.gov.in/
- 34. https://rera.tripura.gov.in/
- 35. http://www.uhuda.org.in/
- 36. https://www.up-rera.in/index.aspx
- 37. http://rera.chbonline.in/
- 38. https://rera.delhi.gov.in/
- 39. http://prera.py.gov.in/
- 40. The Supreme court of India https://main.sci.gov.in/
- 41. The ILO Administrative Tribunal https://www.ilo.org/tribunal/lang--en/index.htm
- 42. The UN Administrative Tribunal: https://untreaty.un.org/unat/main\_page.htm
- 43. The UN Appeals Tribunal https://www.un.org/en/internaljustice/unat/
- 44. The UN Disputes Tribunal https://www.un.org/en/internaljustice/undt/

## **Regulatory Bodies**

- 1. The Airport Economic Regulatory Authority of India http://www.aera.gov.in/
- 2. The Association of Mutual Funds in India https://www.amfiindia.com/
- 3. The Board of Control for Cricket in India https://www.bcci.tv/
- 4. The Central Electricity Regulatory Commission of India https://cercind.gov.in/
- 5. The Competition Commission of India https://www.cci.gov.in/
- 6. The Central pollution control board https://cpcb.nic.in/
- 7. The Directorate General of Civil Aviation https://www.dgca.gov.in/
- 8. The Federation of Indian Export Organisation https://www.fieo.org/
- 9. The Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI) https://www.fssai.gov.in/
- 10. The Financial Stability and Development Council https://www.finmin.nic.in/financial-stability-and-development-council
- 11. The Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority https://www.irdai.gov.in/
- 12. The Inland Waterways Authority of India http://www.iwai.nic.in/

- 13. The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India https://www.ibbi.gov.in/
- 14. The Indian Chemical Council https://www.indianchemicalcouncil.com/
- 15. The National Biodiversity authority http://nbaindia.org/
- 16. The national Medical Commission https://www.nmc.org.in/
- 17. The Pension fund regulatory and development authority https://www.pfrda.org.in/
- 18. The Petroleum and Natural Gas Authority of India https://www.pngrb.gov.in/
- 19. The Reserve Bank of India https://www.rbi.org.in/
- 20. The Securities and Exchange Board of India https://www.sebi.gov.in/
- 21. The State Electricity Regulatory Commission <a href="http://www.derc.gov.in/">http://www.derc.gov.in/</a> (total 26 commission for states and joint commission for union territories and other for states of Manipur & Mizoram)

**Quasi Judicial bodies**: The Quasi-judicial bodies are institutes which have powers analogous to that of the law imposing bodies but these are not courts.

- 1. The National Human Rights Commission https://nhrc.nic.in/
- 2. The State Human Rights Commission http://www.shrc.tn.gov.in/
- 3. The Central Information Commission https://cic.gov.in/
- 4. The State Information Commission https://sic.maharashtra.gov.in/
- 5. The Competition Commission of India https://www.cci.gov.in/
- 6. The State Electricity Regulatory Commission https://cercind.gov.in/serc.html
- 7. The Banking Ombudsman
- 8. The Insurance Ombudsman https://www.policyholder.gov.in/ombudsman.aspx
- 9. The Income tax Ombudsman https://www.incometaxindia.gov.in/pages/ombudsman.aspx
- 10. The Electricity Ombudsman http://www.mercombudsman.org.in/

#### **Associations**

- 1. The Automotive Component Manufacturers Association of India (ACMA) http://www.acmainfo.com/
- 2. The Association of Biotechnology Led Enterprises (ABLE) https://ableindia.in/
- 3. The All India Industrial Gases Manufacturers' Association (AIIGMA) https://aiigma.org/
- 4. The All India Airconditioning & Refrigeration Association (AIACRA) <a href="http://www.aiacra.com/">http://www.aiacra.com/</a>

- 5. The Confederation of Indian Industry (CII) https://www.cii.in/
- 6. The Cellular Operators Association of India (COAI) https://www.coai.com/
- 7. The Cement Manufacturers' Association (CMA) https://www.cmaindia.org/
- 8. The Diamond Tools Association of India http://www.dtai.in/index.htm
- 9. The Engineering Export Promotional Council (EEPC) https://www.eepcindia.org/
- 10. The Electronic Industries Association of India (ELCINA) http://www.elcina.com/
- 11. The Electronic and Computer Software Export Promotion Council (ECSEPC) https://www.escindia.in/
- 12. The Electric Lamp and Component Manufacturers' Association of India (ELCOMA) http://www.elcomaindia.com/
- 13. The Express Industry Council of India (EICI) https://www.eiciindia.org/
- 14. The Electrical & Electronics Manufacturers Association (IEEMA) https://ieema.org/
- 15. The Federation of Hotel & Restaurant Associations of India (FHRAI) https://www.fhrai.com/
- 16. The Hologram Manufacturers Association of India (HOMAI) http://homai.org/
- 17. The Hotel Association of India (HAI) http://www.hotelassociationofindia.com/
- 18. The Indian Printing, Packaging and Allied Machinery Manufacturers' Association (IPAMA) https://www.printpackipama.com/
- 19. The Indian Refractory Makers Association (IRMA) http://www.irmaindia.org/
- 20. The Indian Machine Tools India Manufacturers Association (IMTMA) https://www.imtma.in/
- 21. The Indian Chemical Council (ICC) https://www.indianchemicalcouncil.com/
- 22. The Indian Stainless Steel Development Association (ISSDA) https://www.stainlessindia.org/
- 23. The Indian Tea Association https://www.indiatea.org/
- 24. The Indian Drug Manufacturers' Association (IDMA) http://www.idma-assn.org/
- 25. The Indian Polyurethane Association (IPUA) http://www.ipua.in/
- 26. The Manufacturers Association of Information Technology (MAIT) https://www.mait.com/
- 27. The National Shipowners' Association (INSA) https://insa.in/
- 28. The National Association of Software and Services Companies (NASSCOM) <a href="https://nasscom.in/">https://nasscom.in/</a>
- 29. The Organisation of Pharmaceutical Producers of India (OPPI) https://www.indiaoppi.com/

- 30. The Organization of Plastics Processors of India (OPP) http://www.oppindia.org/
- 31. The Project Exports Promotion Council of India (PEPC) http://www.projectexports.com/
- 32. The Society of Indian Automobile Manufacturers (SIAM) http://www.siamindia.com/Default.aspx
- 33. The Sugar Mill Association (ISMA) http://www.indiansugar.com/
- 34. The Software Technology Parks of India (STPI) https://stpi.in/index.html
- 35. The Soybean Processors Association of India (SOPA) http://www.sopa.org/
- 36. The Telecom Equipment Manufacturers Association of India (TEMA) http://www.tematelecom.net/
- 37. The Textile Machinery Manufacturers Association (India) (TMMA) http://www.tmmaindia.net/